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Total No. of Questions: 9] (2094)

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UG (CBCS) Ist Year (Suppl.) Examination

1805

B.Sc. CHEMISTRY

(Atomic Structure, Bonding, General Organic Chemistry and Aliphatic Hydrocarbons) (Core)

Paper: CHEM-101

Time: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Section. Section-E (Q.No. 9) is compulsory. Candidates are required to answer accurate and precise.

Section-A

- (a) Derive Schrodinger Wave Equation (SWE) for an electron wave.
 - (b) Calculate the wavelength associated with an electron of mass $m = 9.109 \times 10^{-28}$ kg that travels with 40% of the speed of light.

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(1)

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- (c) Draw the radial probability distribution curve of 3p, [4+3+3=10]
- 2. (a) What are the quantum numbers? Discuss their significance.
 - (b) Discuss the cause of stability of the electronic configurations of copper (Z = 29) and chromium (Z = 24).
 - (c) Calculate screening constant (σ) and effective nuclear charge (Z_{eff}) for $3d^{10}$ electron of Zn (Z = 30). [4+3+3=10]

Section-B

- 3. (a) Draw the resonating structures of SO_4^{2-} and CO_3^{2-} .
 - (b) Discuss the bond length, bond strength and bond order of O_2^{2+} , O_2^{+} ; O_2^{-} ; O_2^{-} ; O_2^{2-} using Molecular orbital theory.
 - (c) Discuss the geometry and hybridization of :
- (i) $SF_4 = \frac{5b^3d}{7b^6}$ (ii) $PCl_5 = [3+4+3=10]$ CS-38 $See-Sau_{(2)}$ Sb^3d_1, TBP

- (a) Differentiate bonding molecular orbital from antibonding molecular orbitals.
 - (b) Discuss the structure of XeO₂F₂ and XeF₆ using VSEPR theory.
 - (c) Discuss Born Haber Cycle and its application.

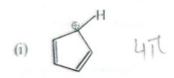
[2+4+4=10]

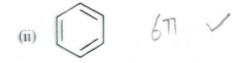
Section-C

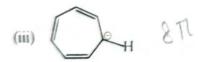
- 5. (a) Assign absolute/relative configuration to the following:
 - (i) R/S H_2N CH_3 CH_3 CH_2OH CH_2OH
 - (iii) E/Z $\begin{array}{c} C_2H_5 \\ \\ H \end{array}$ CI $\begin{array}{c} H \\ \\ NO_2 \end{array}$ H

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- (b) What is Hyperconjugation? Explain the stability of 1°, 2° and 3° carbocation on the basis of Hyperconjugation.
- (c) What is an essential condition for a molecule to be Chiral? Differentiate between enantiomers and diastereomers. [3+4+3]
- (a) Draw the possible conformation of Cyclohexane.
 Discuss their stability.
 - (b) What is Aromaticity? Which among the following is/are aromatic?







S-38 (4)

- (c) What is structural isomerism? Write the structural formula of all possible isomers of molecular formula, C_4H_6 .
- (d) Acetamide is a weak base than ethylamine. Explain. [3+3+2+2=10]

Section-D

- (a) Discuss the reaction of I-Butene in accordance to Markovnikov's & anti-Markovnikov's addition with HBr.
 - (b) Discuss the hydrogenation of 2-Butyne wrt Lindlar's Catalyst (Pd/C, BaSO₄) and Birch Reduction (Na. Liq NH₃).
 - (c) Compare the reactivity of alkenes and alkynes towards electrophilic addition reactions.
 - (d) Discuss the reaction of ethylene Glycol (HOCH₂ CH_2OH) with alkaline $KMnO_4$. [3+2+3+2=10]
- (a) Complete the following reactions and determine A,
 B, C, D and E.

$$(i) \qquad + \text{ HBr} \longrightarrow A$$

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(5)

Turn Over

e:>	CH	CH, Br	+	alc.	KOH	 D
(11)	CH.	CHODI	,			

(iii)
$$H = H + 2[H] \xrightarrow{HgSO_4} C$$

(iv)
$$CH_3CH_2Br + KNO_2 \longrightarrow D$$

(v)
$$CH_3CH_2Br + AgCN(aq) \longrightarrow E$$

- (b) What do you mean by S_N² reactions? Discuss their stereochemistry, kinetics and other factors which affect the reaction mechanism (nature of substrate, strength of nucleophile, nature of leaving group and solvent).
- (c) 2-Butyne is not acidic in nature. Explain.

[5+4+1=10]

Section-E

[1 each]

(Compulsory Question)

- 9. Do as directed : Multiple choice questions/True or False/ Fill in the blanks :
 - (i) The essential condition for the molecule to be chiral is dissymmetry. True (True/False)
 - (ii) S_N1 reactions are not favoured by the polar solvents.

 (True/False)

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(6)

(iii) ψ^2 represents the probability of finding the proton in a nucleus. False (True/False)

(v) The shape of p-orbitals is ... dumb -bell

(vi) Hybridization of sulphur in SO₄²⁻ isSp³

(vii) Which of the following is an achiral molecule or object ?

- (a) Hand
- (b) Human body
- (c) 2-Pentanol
- (d) 3-Pentanol 🗸

(viii) Which of the following compound exist as cis-trans isomerism?

- (a) 2-Pentyne
- (b) 1-Butene
- (c) 2-Hexene
- (d) Cyclobutene

(ix)	According to	Fajan's	Rule,	which	is	more	covalent
	in nature ?						

- (a) LiF
- (b) LiCl
- (c) LiBr
- (d) LiI

(x) Total number of nodes in 5f-subshell is:

(a) Four



- (b) Three
- (c) Two
- (d) One