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(2034)

# **UG (CBCS) IInd Year Annual Examination**

# 2800

### **B.Sc. CHEMISTRY**

(Solutions, Phase Equilibrium, Conductance, Electrochemistry and Organic Chemistry)

(Core)

Paper: CHEM 201 TH

Time: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

**Note**: Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Section. Section E is compulsory.

## Section-A

- (a) Differentiate between an ideal and non-ideal solution.
  - (b) Explain Raoults law. Discuss the small and large positive deviation from Raoult's law in case of non-ideal solutions.

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- (c) Define Partially miscible liquids? What is meant by UCST and LCST? Give examples. 3,4,3
- 2. (a) Define terms:
  - (i) Phase
  - (ii) Component
  - (b) Derive the Gibbs Phase Rule equation.
  - (c) Write the Clausius-Clapeyron equation. Give its application.
  - (d) Draw and discuss the phase diagram for the water system. 2,3,2,3

#### Section-B

- 3. (a) Elaborate what is difference between metallic and electrolytic conductance?
  - (b) Define molar conductance. What is meant by conductance at infinite dilution?
  - (c) Define Transference number? Briefly discuss the Hittorf's method in case of non-attackable electrodes.

    4,3,3
- 4. (a) What is electrochemical series ? How is it helpful to determine the emf of cell ?
  - (b) Drive the Nernst equation for emf of a cell. Discuss the application to determine the electrode potential of a metal-metal ion electrodes.
  - (c) What are concentration cells? Give its types, 3,4,3

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### Section-C

- 5. (a) Discuss the alkaline hydrolysis carboxylic acids.
  - (b) Explain the Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction.
  - (c) Mention briefly, the comparative nucleophilicity of acyl derivatives 3,4,3
- 6. (a) Write short note on Gabriel's Phthalimide synthesis.
  - (b) Discuss Hofmann Bromide reaction.
  - (c) What are diazonium salt? Give their method of synthesis and also give the reaction for its conversion to benzene.

    3,4,3

#### Section-D

- 7. (a) Define carbohydrates. Discuss their classification.
  - (b) Draw the open and cyclic structures of glucose.
  - (c) Give one method for ascending in series of monosaccharides. 4,3,3
- 8. (a) What are polysaccharides? Give examples and draw the structure of any one.
  - (b) Write short note on method of assigning the absolute configuration of monosaccharides.
  - (c) What is meant by reducing and non-reducing sugars? Give examples of each. 3,3,4

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### Section-E

# **Compulsory Question**

- 9. Answer as required:
  - (i) Define mole fraction.
  - Define boiling point in term of vapour pressure.
  - (iii) If degrees of freedom for a system is 'two', then what is meant by it?
  - (iv) What product is obtained by the reaction of carboxylic acids with alcohols?
  - (v) Why acetic acid is classified as weak acids?
  - (vi) Give an example of disaccharide carbohydrate.

State whether True or False:

- (vii) For the non-ideal solution,  $\Delta V_{\text{mixing}} = 0$ .
- (viii) At triple point the degrees of freedom for water is 'zero'.
- (ix) Sucrose has molecular formula C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>11</sub>.
- (x) Cellulose is a hydrocarbon.  $1\times10=10$